7.1 Practice Problems: Angles of Polygons

1. For a regular 25 - gon, find (a) the sum of the interior angles of a polygon, (b) the measure of each interior angle, (c) the sum of the exterior angles and (d) the measure of each exterior angle.

- b) $\frac{4140^{\circ}}{25} = 165.6^{\circ}$ d) 14.4°
- 2. Given the sum of the interior angles of a polygon, find the number of sides, n.
 - a)1800°

$$1800 = (u-z)180$$
 $10 = N-z$

$$4860^{\circ} = (N-7)180$$

$$27 = N-7$$

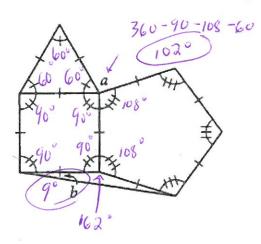
- 3. Given the measure of each exterior angle of a regular polygon, find the number of sides n.

$$\frac{360}{20} = 18$$

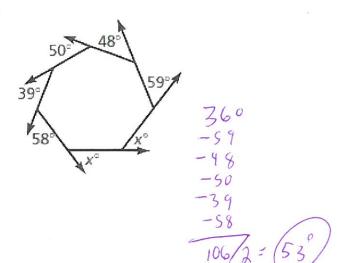
- 4. Given the measure of each interior angle of a regular polygon, find the measure of each exterior angle.
 - a) 156°

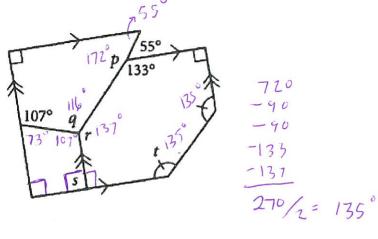
$$\frac{360}{24} = 15 \text{ F}$$

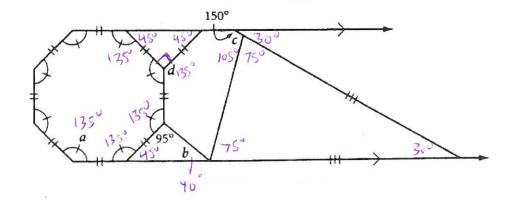
5. Find the measure of each missing angle.



$$\begin{array}{r}
720 \\
-110 \\
-149 \\
-91 \\
\hline
2 \\
-100 \\
\hline
2 \\
2 \\
-1350
\end{array}$$

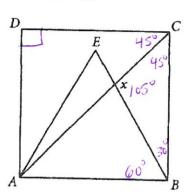






ABCD is a square.
ABE is an equilateral triangle.

$$x = 105^{\circ}$$



6. Which of the following angle measures are possible interior angle measures of regular polygons? Select all that apply.

7. You are given a convex polygon. You are asked to draw a new polygon by increasing the sum of the interior angle measures by 540 degrees. How many more sides does your new polygon have? Explain.

Each 1 is 180 degrees, so add 3x180=540