

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

Geometry Final Exam Review Guide

1. Find the missing side length for each set of Pythagorean triples.

3, a, 5

5, 12, b

c, 24, 25

8, 15, d

e, 8, 10

$$a = 4$$

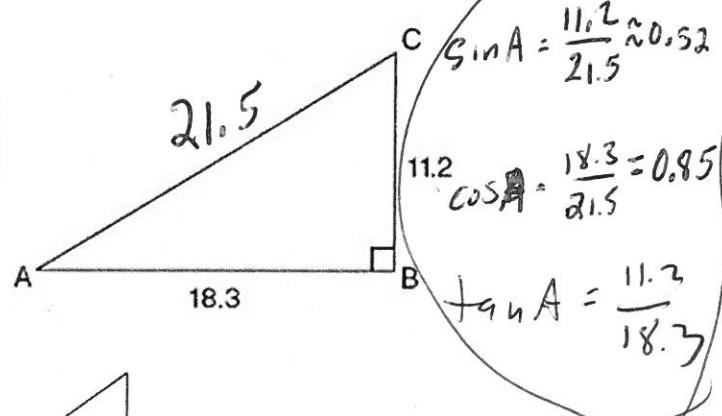
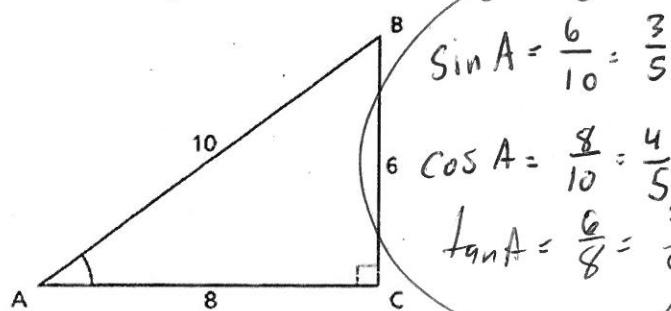
$$b = 13$$

$$c = 7$$

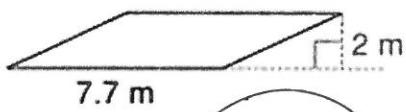
$$d = 17$$

$$e = 6$$

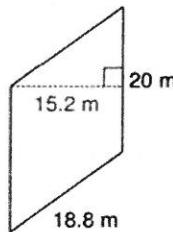
2. Find the  $\sin A$ ,  $\cos A$  and  $\tan A$  for each right triangle.



3. Find the area of each parallelogram.

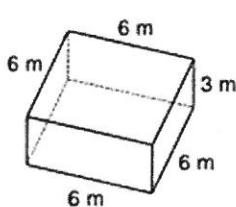


$$15.4$$



$$30.4$$

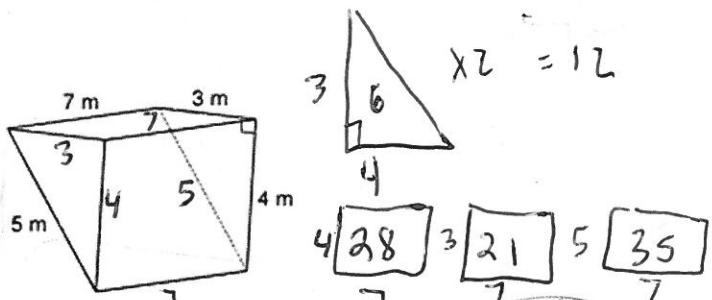
4. Find the surface area of each prism.



$$6 \times 6 \times 2 + 6 \times 3 \times 4 = 72$$

$$3 \times 6 \times 4 = 72$$

$$144 \text{ m}^2$$



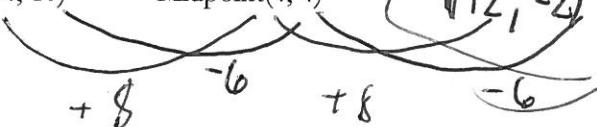
$$96 \text{ m}^2$$

5. Given a midpoint and an endpoint, find the other midpoint.

Endpoint (-4, 10)

Midpoint (4, 4)

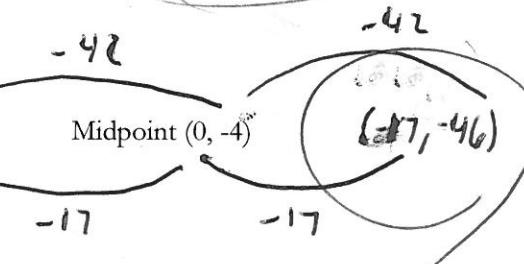
(12, -2)



Endpoint (17, 38)

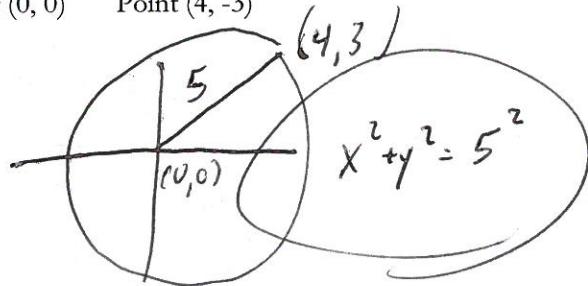
Midpoint (0, -4)

(-17, -42)

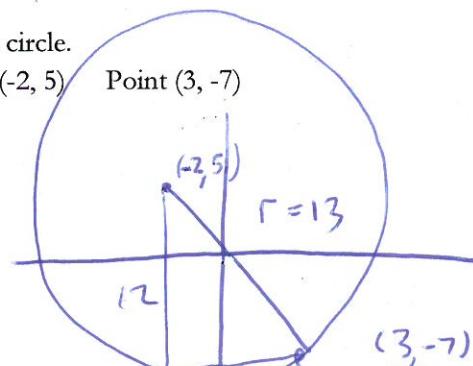


6. Find the equation of the circle that has the given center and point on the circle.

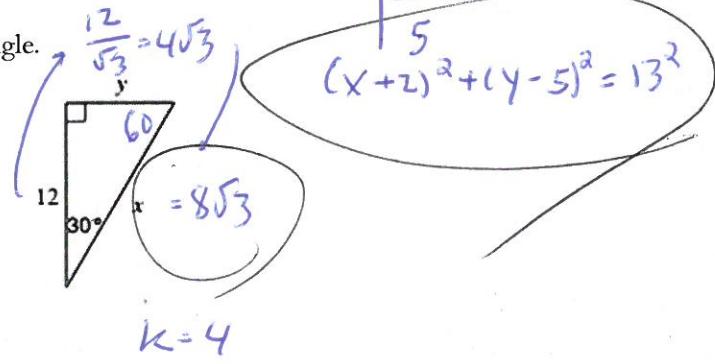
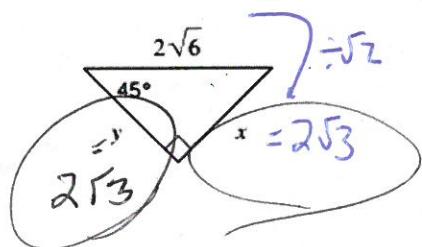
Center  $(0, 0)$  Point  $(4, -3)$



Center  $(-2, 5)$  Point  $(3, -7)$



7. Find all missing sides and angles for each special right triangle.



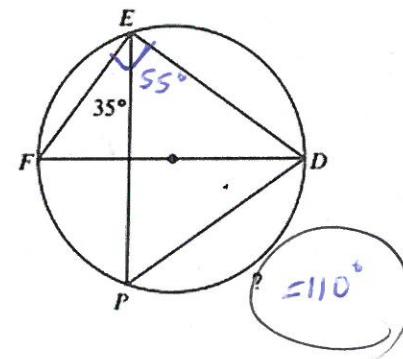
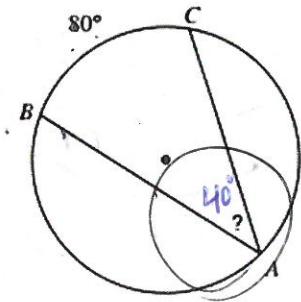
8. Fill in the blanks given the polygons are similar.

	Polygon 1	Polygon 2	Polygon 3
Perimeter	14	28	56
Area	15	60	250

9. Fill in the blanks given the solids are similar.

	Solid 1	Solid 2	Solid 3
Surface Area	4	9	25
Volume	8	27	125

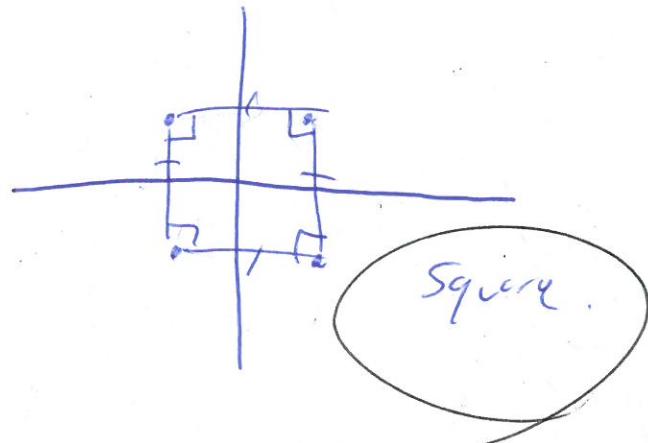
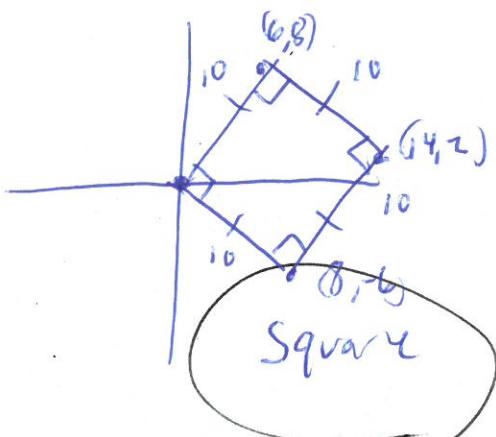
10. Find the missing angle or arc measure.



11. Classify each quadrilateral with the most specific name given the coordinates of the vertices.

(0, 0) (6, 8), (14, 2) (8, -6)

(-1, 1) (1, 1) (1, -1) (-1, -1)



12. Given two side lengths, find the range of possible side lengths for the third side in order to make a triangle.

$$10, 10$$

$0 < x < 20$

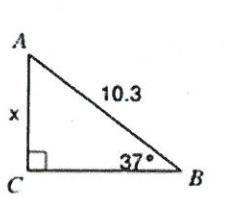
$$15, 21$$

$6 < x < 36$

$$8, 15$$

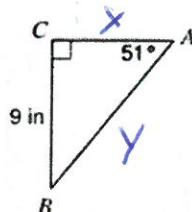
$7 < x < 23$

13. Use SOH-CAH-TOA to find the missing side length.



$$\sin 37 = \frac{x}{10.3}$$

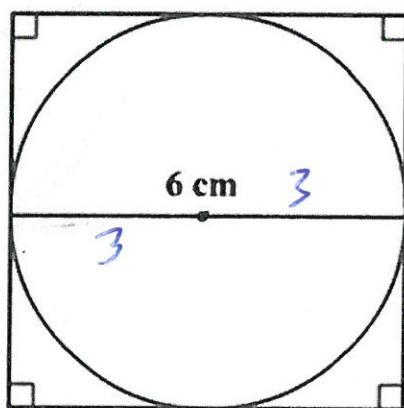
$x = 6.2$



$$\tan 51 = \frac{9}{x}$$
$$x = \frac{9}{\tan 51}$$
$$x = 7.3$$
$$9^2 + 7.3^2 = y^2$$

$y = 11.6$

14. Find the area inside the square, but outside the circle.



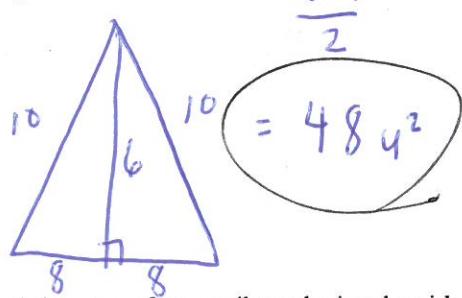
$$6^2 - \pi 3^2$$

$36 - 9\pi$

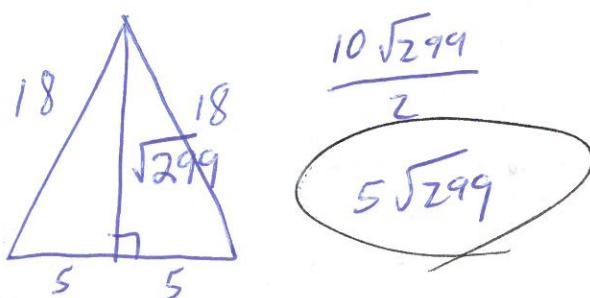
7.74

15. Find the area of an isosceles triangle with the given side lengths.

Legs 10, base 16

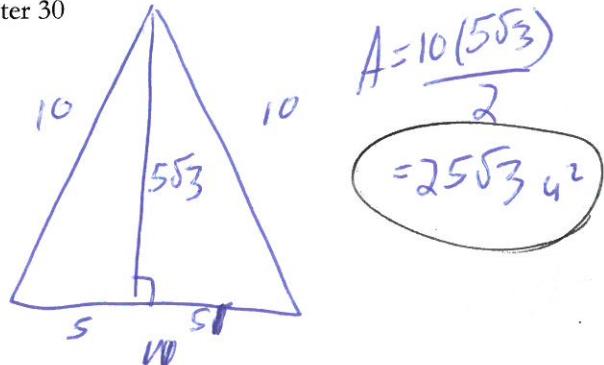


Legs 18, base 10

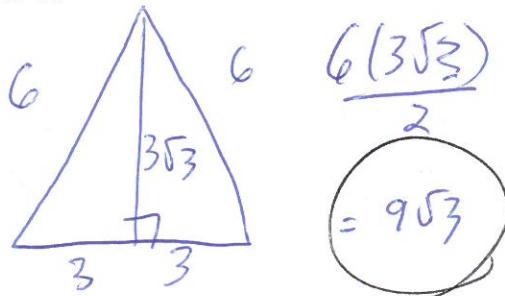


16. Find the area of an equilateral triangle with the given perimeter.

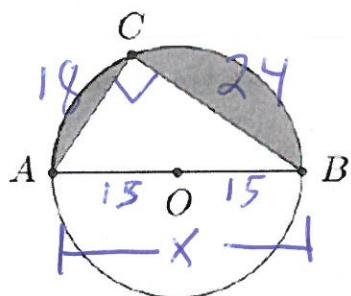
### Perimeter 30



## Perimeter 18



17.  $\overline{AB}$  is a diameter of circle  $O$ . Chord  $\overline{AC} = 18$  and chord  $\overline{BC} = 24$ . Find the area of the shaded region.



$$18^2 + 24^2 = x^2$$

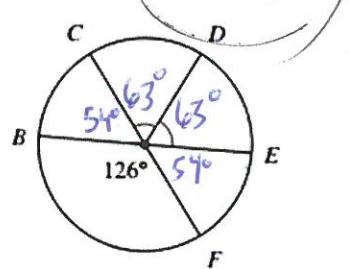
$$\underline{30 = X}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \pi / 5^2 - \frac{18(24)}{2}$$

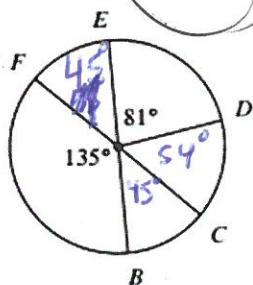
137.25  $\text{m}^2$

18. Find the indicated arc measure.

$$m\widehat{EFC} = 234^\circ$$



$$m\overline{CFD} \left( = 306^\circ \right)$$



19. Determine whether the side lengths can be used to make a triangle.

100 yds, 100 yds, 1 yd

*Yes*  
 $100 + 1 > 100$

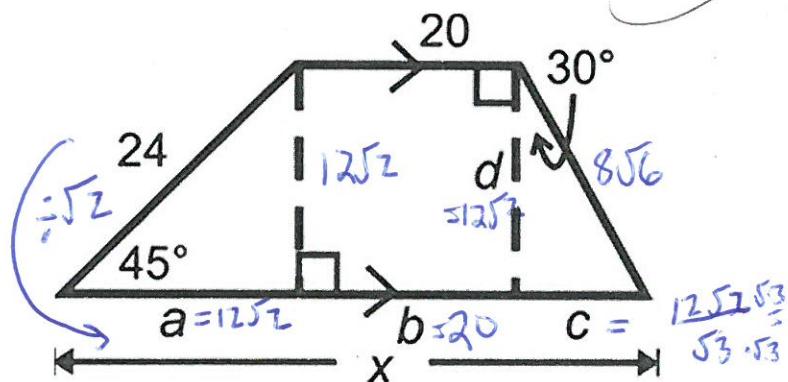
1 cm, 2 cm, 3 cm

*No*  
 $1 + 2 \not> 3$

14 in, 15 in, 30 in

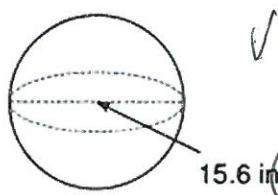
*No*  
 $14 + 15 > 30$

20. Find the area of the trapezoid



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{(20 + 24 + 12\sqrt{2} + 8\sqrt{6})}{2} \\ &= \frac{48\sqrt{2} + 288 + 48\sqrt{12}}{2} \\ &= 24\sqrt{2} + 144 + 24\sqrt{12} \\ &\quad \text{or} \\ &= 24(2 + \sqrt{3}) \\ &= 144 + 24\sqrt{2} + 48\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

21. Find the volume of each sphere to the nearest inch/cm (not in terms of pi).

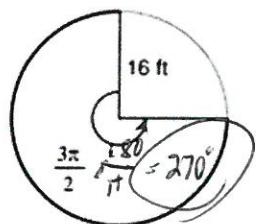


$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi \left(\frac{15.6}{2}\right)^3$$

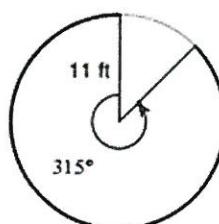
$V = 1987 \text{ in}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \\ &= \frac{1372\pi}{3} \end{aligned}$$

22. Find the length of each arc in terms of pi.



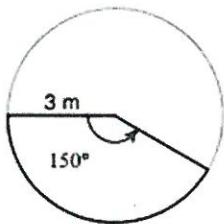
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{270}{360} \cdot 32\pi &= 24\pi \text{ ft} \\ &\approx 75.4 \text{ ft} \end{aligned}$$



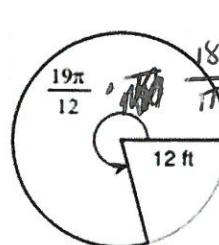
$$\frac{315}{360} \cdot 22\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{7}{8} \cdot 22\pi &= 77\pi \text{ ft}^2 \\ &\approx 242.5 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

23. Find the area of each sector in terms of pi.



$$\begin{aligned} \pi 3^2 \cdot \frac{150}{360} &= 7.5\pi \text{ m}^2 \\ &\approx 23.56 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{19\pi}{12} \cdot \frac{285}{360} \cdot 12^2 &= 114\pi \text{ ft}^2 \\ &\approx 354.6 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

24. Find the area of the circle in terms of pi given the circumference.

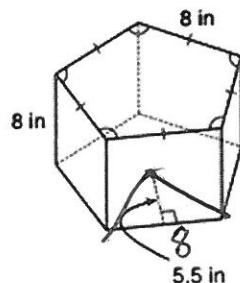
$$C = 16\pi \text{ in} \quad d = 16$$

$$16 = d \\ 8 = r \\ 8^2 \pi = A = (64\pi) \text{ in}^2$$

$$C = \frac{62.8 \text{ cm}}{\pi} \quad \frac{sd\pi}{\pi}$$

$$20 = d \\ 10 = r \\ A = 10^2 \pi = 100\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

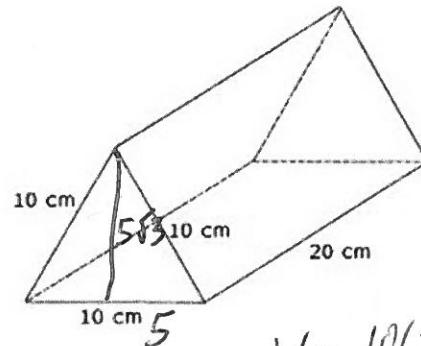
25. Find the volume of each prism.



$$V = \text{Area of Base} \cdot \text{Height}$$

$$\left(5\left(\frac{8(5.5)}{2}\right)\right), 8$$

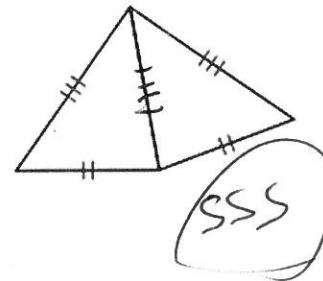
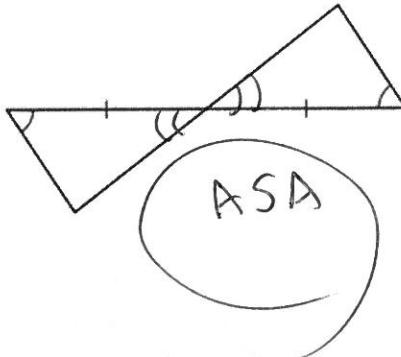
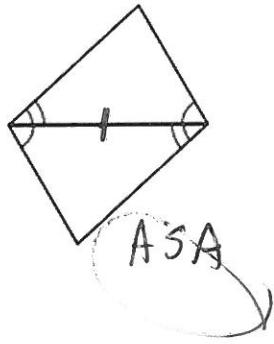
$$V = 880 \text{ in}^3$$



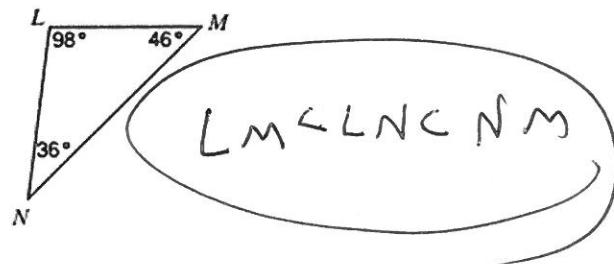
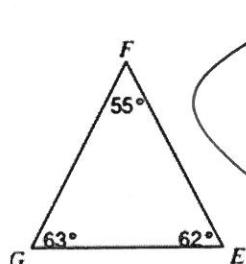
$$V = \frac{10(5 \cdot 5)}{2}, 20$$

$$= 500\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^3$$

26. State which theorem proves each pair of triangles is congruent.



27. Order the sides from shortest to longest.



28. Given three side lengths of a triangle, classify the triangle by its angles.

6, 9, 13

Scalene

$$6^2 + 9^2 < 13^2$$

obtuse

14, 48, 50

Scalene

$$14^2 + 48^2 = 50^2$$

Right

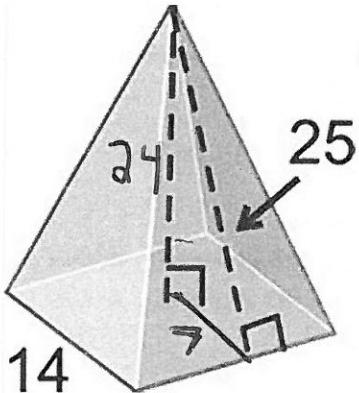
9, 10, 13

Scalene

$$9^2 + 10^2 > 13^2$$

Acute

29. Find the volume of the square pyramid.



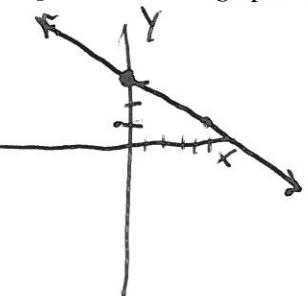
$$\frac{14^2 (24)}{3} = 1568 \sqrt{3}$$

30. Find the slope, y-intercept and sketch a graph for each equation.

$$y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 3$$

$$m = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$b = (0, 3)$$



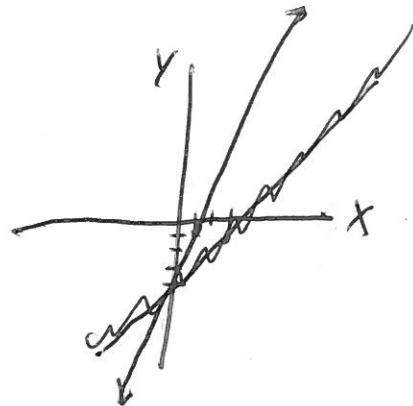
$$6x - 2y = 8$$

$$\frac{6x}{2} - \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

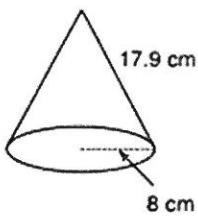
$$3x - y = 4$$

$$m = 3$$

$$b = (0, -4)$$



31. Find the surface area of each cone.



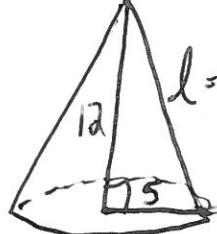
$$\pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

$$\pi 8^2 + \pi 8(17.9)$$

$$64\pi + 143.2\pi$$

$$207.2\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

Diameter 10, Height 12



Pythagorean Thm

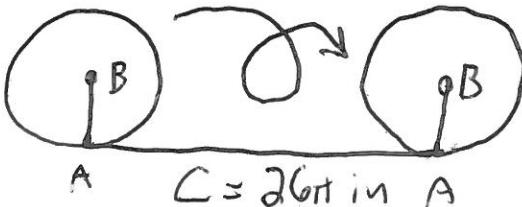
$$\pi s^2 + \pi s(l)$$

$$25\pi + 65\pi$$

$$90\pi \text{ in}^2$$

32. How far did a car travel given the wheel has a diameter of 26 inches and made 500 revolutions to the nearest foot?

$$1 \text{ revolution} = 1 \text{ circumference}$$

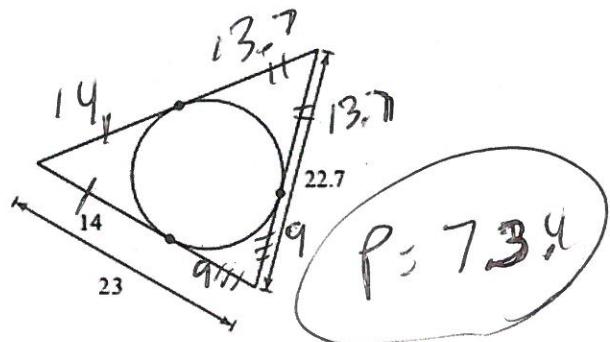
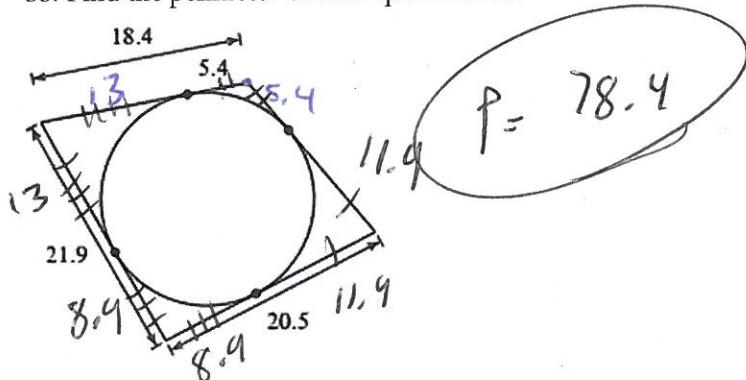


$$\text{Distance} = \text{Circumference} \times \text{Revolutions}$$

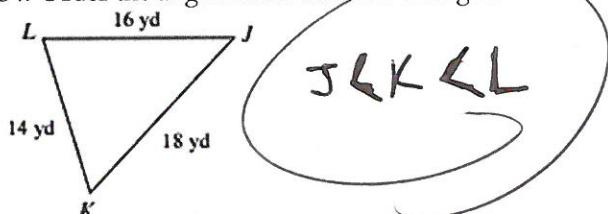
$$= 26\pi \times 500$$

$$= 13000\pi$$

33. Find the perimeter of each quadrilateral.

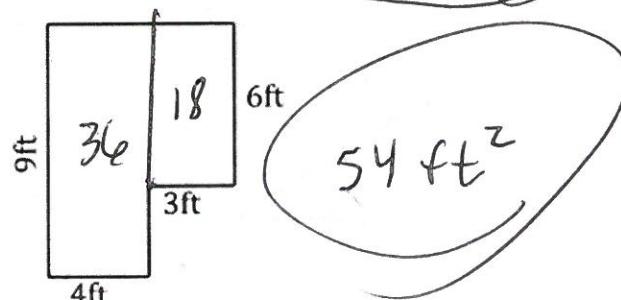
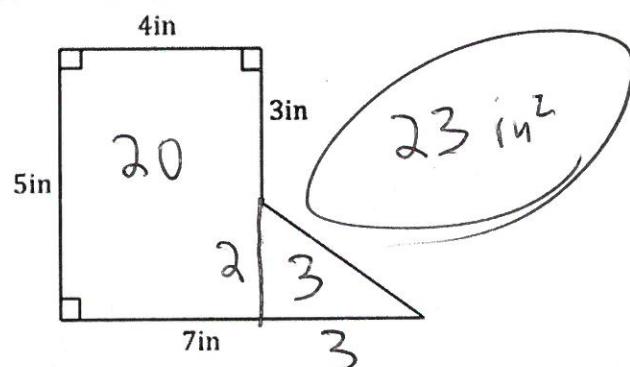


34. Order the angles from smallest to largest.



In  $\triangle TUV$   
 $UV = 17 \text{ yd}$   
 $TV = 14 \text{ yd}$   
 $TU = 9 \text{ yd}$

35. Find the area.



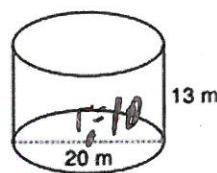
36. Find the surface area of the cylinder in terms of pi.

$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$2\pi(13) + 2\pi(3)(7)$$

$$26\pi + 18\pi$$

$208\pi$



$$2\pi(10)^2 + 2\pi(10)(13)$$

$$200\pi + 260\pi$$

$460\pi$

37. Write the equation of the line in point-slope form given two points on the line.

(-2, 10) and (2, 2)

$$y - 2 = -2(x - 2)$$

$$m = \frac{10 - 2}{-2 - 2} = \frac{8}{-4} = -2$$

or

$$y - 10 = -2(x + 2)$$

(-10, 3) and (8, -3)

$$m = \frac{3 - (-3)}{-10 - 8} = \frac{6}{-18} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$y - 3 = -\frac{1}{3}(x + 10)$$

or

$$y + 3 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 8)$$

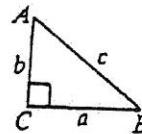
AK

## 9.2 The Pythagorean Theorem

Objective: State and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.

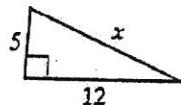
**Pythagorean Theorem** In a right triangle, the square of the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the squares of the legs.

If  $\angle C$  in  $\triangle ABC$  is a right angle, then  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .

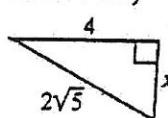


**Example 1** Find the value of  $x$ . (Remember that the length must be a positive number, so you are only interested in positive roots.)

a.



b.

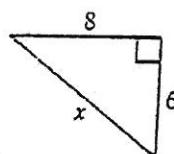
**Solution**

$$\begin{aligned} a. x^2 &= 5^2 + 12^2 \\ &= 25 + 144 = 169 \\ x &= \sqrt{169} = 13 \end{aligned}$$

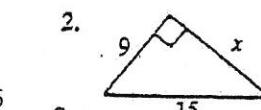
$$\begin{aligned} b. (2\sqrt{5})^2 &= x^2 + 4^2 \\ 20 &= x^2 + 16 \\ 4 &= x^2 \\ 2 &= x \end{aligned}$$

Find the value of  $x$ . Give exact answers.

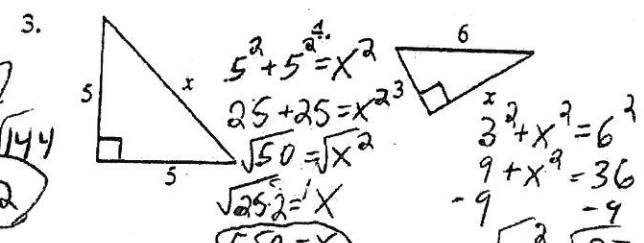
$$\begin{aligned} 8^2 + 6^2 &= x^2 \\ 64 + 36 &= x^2 \\ \sqrt{100} &= \sqrt{x^2} \\ 10 &= x \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad 9^2 + x^2 &= 15^2 \\ 81 + x^2 &= 225 \\ -81 & \\ x^2 &= 144 \\ x &= 12 \end{aligned}$$



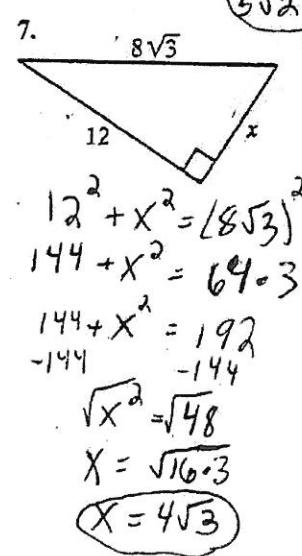
$$\begin{aligned} 3. \quad 5^2 + 5^2 &= x^2 \\ 25 + 25 &= x^2 \\ \sqrt{50} &= \sqrt{x^2} \\ 5\sqrt{2} &= x \\ 5\sqrt{2} &= x \end{aligned}$$



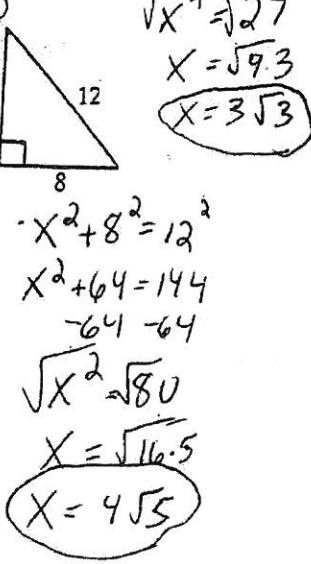
$$\begin{aligned} 5. \quad \sqrt{2} & \\ 1^2 + x^2 &= \sqrt{2}^2 \\ 1 + x^2 &= 2 \\ -1 & \\ x^2 &= 1 \\ x &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6. \quad 2^2 + x^2 &= 2^2 \\ 4 + x^2 &= 4 \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{3} \\ x &= \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7. \quad 12^2 + x^2 &= (8\sqrt{3})^2 \\ 144 + x^2 &= 64 \cdot 3 \\ 144 + x^2 &= 192 \\ -144 & \\ x^2 &= 48 \\ x &= \sqrt{16 \cdot 3} \\ x &= 4\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 8. \quad 8^2 + 8^2 &= x^2 \\ 64 + 64 &= x^2 \\ -64 & \\ x^2 &= 128 \\ x &= \sqrt{128} \\ x &= 4\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$



Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Special Right Triangles**

Find the value of each variable. Leave your answers in simplest radical form.

